MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TIMBERCARE ID LACQUER GLOSS - CLEAR



IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ **UNDERTAKING**

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product name : TIMBERCARE ID LACQUER GLOSS - CLEAR

: FJ-IW373C003 **Product code Chemical name** : Not available. : Not available. **Synonyms Chemical formula** : Not applicable. **CAS** number : Not applicable.

Company/undertaking identification

Manufacturer : Asian Paints (SP) Ltd

PO Box 694, Tavakubu

Lautoka FIJI ISLANDS

Supplier : Asian Paints (SP) Ltd

PO Box 694, Tavakubu

Lautoka FIJI ISLANDS

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: contact.fiji@apcocoatings.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: Fiji (679) 6662799 / 6662807

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification : Highly flammable, Toxic

: R11- Highly flammable. Risk phrases R45- May cause cancer.

> R46- May cause heritable genetic damage. R61- May cause harm to the unborn child.

R48/20- Also harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Physical/chemical hazards

: Highly flammable.

Human health hazards : May cause cancer. May cause heritable genetic damage. May cause harm to the

unborn child. Also harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Additional hazards : None known.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/preparation : Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	%
n-butyl acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. toluene Propan-2-ol dibutyl phthalate 2-methylpropan-1-ol	64742-89-8 108-88-3	15 - 30 15 - 30 5 - 15 1 - 5 1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable

- : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.
- Not suitable
- : Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Highly flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

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ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limit values

Ingredient name Occupational exposure limits

n-butyl acetate ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

toluene EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list

of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Propan-2-ol

dibutyl phthalate

2-methylpropan-1-ol

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EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). n-Butyl acetate TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m3 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. Toluene OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m3 15 minutes. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m3 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Propan-2-ol ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m3 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours. Dibutyl phthalate OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. 2-methylpropan-1-ol (Isobutanol) ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.

TWA: 150 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection

Melting point

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : Liquid.

Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. pH : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available.

: Not available. Flash point : Closed cup: 4.85°C (40.7°F) [Abel's close cup]

Vapor pressure : Not available. Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-08-2015. 6/9

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Solubility: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Density: 0.94 g/cm³Flammability: Not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions
Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : No known incompatibility

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Va

: Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact : May cause eye irritation.

Potential chronic health effects

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name n-butyl acetate	Result Eyes - Moderate	Species Rabbit	Score -	Exposure 100	Observation -
	irritant			milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	irritant			milligrams	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870	-
				Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	irritant			milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate	Rabbit		500	
	irritant	Ναυυπ	-	milligrams	-
Propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Product name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. toluene dibutyl phthalate	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	Muta. Cat. 2; R46	Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Repr. Cat. 2; R61	Repr. Cat. 3; R62

Chronic effects

: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mutagenicity : May cause heritable genetic effects.

Teratogenicity: May cause birth defects.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Denmark Carcinogen list : Contains a substance or substances listed under National Working Environment

Authorities Executive Order 908/2005.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eyes : No specific data.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity : Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large

quantities.

Aguatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	-	10 to 2500	high
aliph.			_
toluene	2.73	8.317637711	low
Propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low
dibutyl phthalate	4.5	165.958690743	high
2-methylpropan-1-ol	0.76	-	low

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste product residues should not be disposed of via the sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International transport regulations

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-Butyl acetate, solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.)	3	II	***	Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E)
ADN/ADNR Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-Butyl acetate, solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.)	3	II	1 1 1 2 2	-
IMDG Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-Butyl acetate, solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.). Marine pollutant (solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph., Toluene)	3	II	*2	-
IATA Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-Butyl acetate, solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.)	3	II	1 1 1 2 2	-

PG*: Packing group

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard symbol or symbols :



Highly flammable, Toxic

Risk phrases : R11- Highly flammable.

R45- May cause cancer.

R46- May cause heritable genetic damage. R61- May cause harm to the unborn child.

R48/20- Also harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrases : S53- Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S2- Keep out of the reach of children.

S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or

label.

Contains : n-butyl acetate

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.

toluene

dibutyl phthalate

Product use : Consumer applications.

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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History

Date of printing : 31-08-2015.

Date of issue/ Date of : 31-08-2015.

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

Information contained in this material safety data sheet is believed to be reliable and given in good faith, but no representation, guarantee or warranties of any kind are made as to its accuracy, suitability for a particular application or results to be obtained from them.

The user of this material decides what safety measures are necessary to safely use this material, either alone or in combination with other materials.

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